



Standard Designs & Composite Crossarms

Mitch Graham

Topics

- Why did Unison go Composite?
- The Journey of Change
- Design Decisions for Standardisation
- Standard Arms & Components
- Experiences so far

Why did Unison go Composite?

Wood Arms - Issues

Splits



Bowing and twisting



Decay



Burning



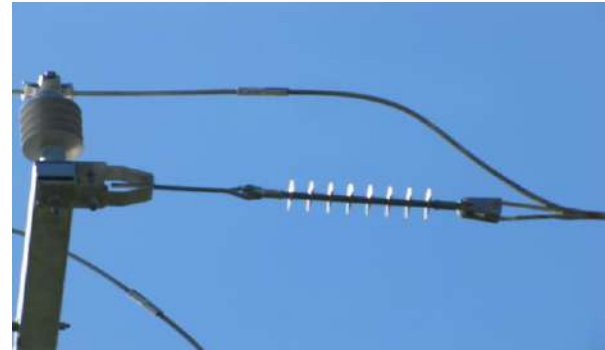
Why did Unison go Composite?

Steel Arms - Issues

Animal Flashover



Bird Flashover



Bird 33kV Flashover



Corrosion



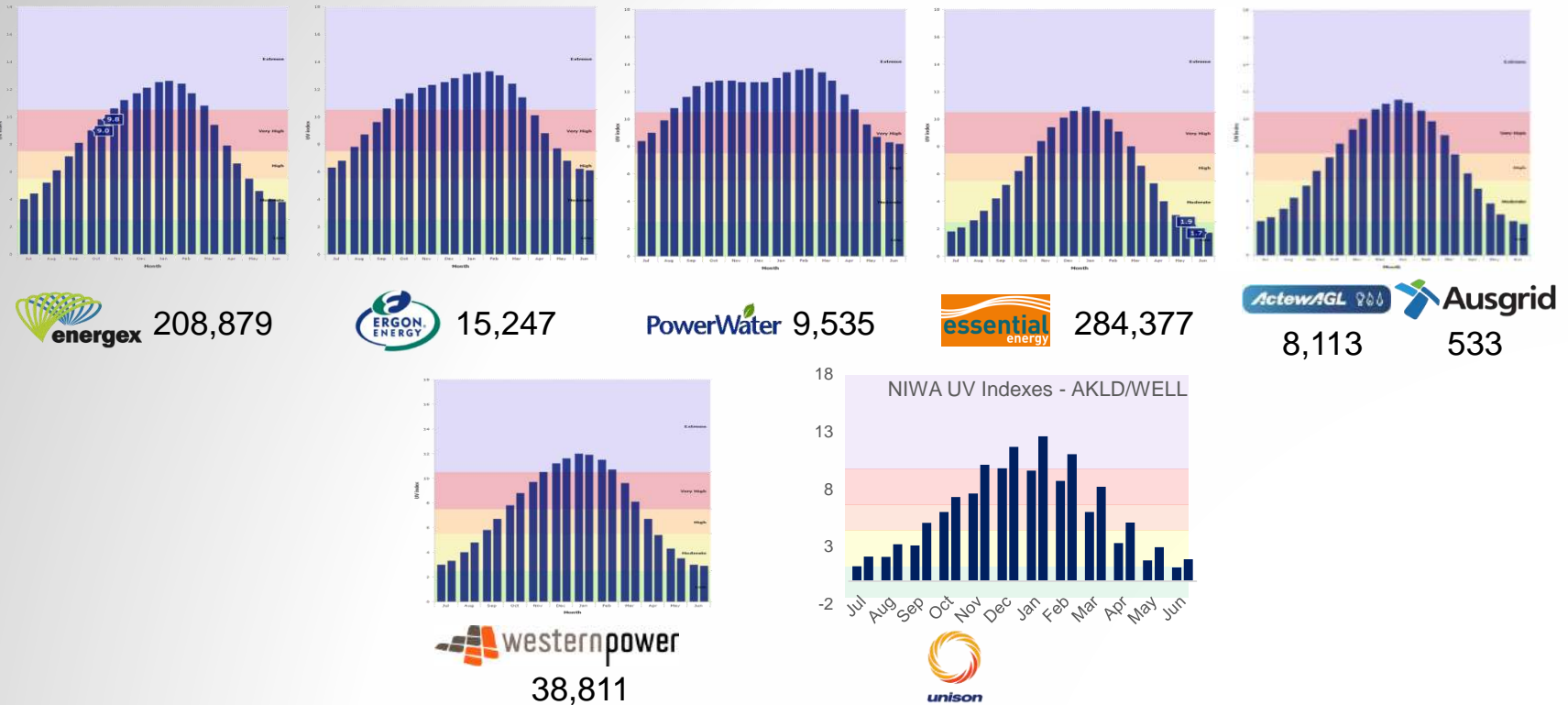
A Journey of Change

- Market Research
- Material Comparison

	Galvanised Steel	Hardwood	Composite
Known strength	✓	✗	✓
Resistant to Known Failure Modes			
Rust	✗	✓	✓
Decay (rot)	✓	✗	✓
Splitting	✓	✗	✓
Burns readily	✓	✗	✓
Easily modified	✗	✓	✗
Cost	✗	✓	✓
Weight	✗	✗	✓
Insulation properties	✗	✓ limited	✓

Potential Issues – UV and Longevity


Australasian Users of Wagner's composite arms local UV levels. Crossarm numbers from 2017



Blooming issues in coastal areas with 1st version of coating, coating revised in 2010 and no subsequent issues

A Journey of Change

- Industry Research and Interviews

 **unison**
The Powerlines People

Please complete the following composite cross arm questionnaire:

1. How long have you been using Wagner's composite arms for on your network? **Y13**
2. Are they approved or under a trial? **Approved/under trial**
3. Do you use any other make of composite arms on your network? **Yes/No**
If 'Yes' what brand(s)?
:
4. What pole materials are used on your network?

	Yes	No
Wood		
Steel		
Concrete		
Composite		

- Product trial
 - High Corrosion Sulphur Environment
 - Terminating 2 circuits



Design Decisions - Scope

In Scope

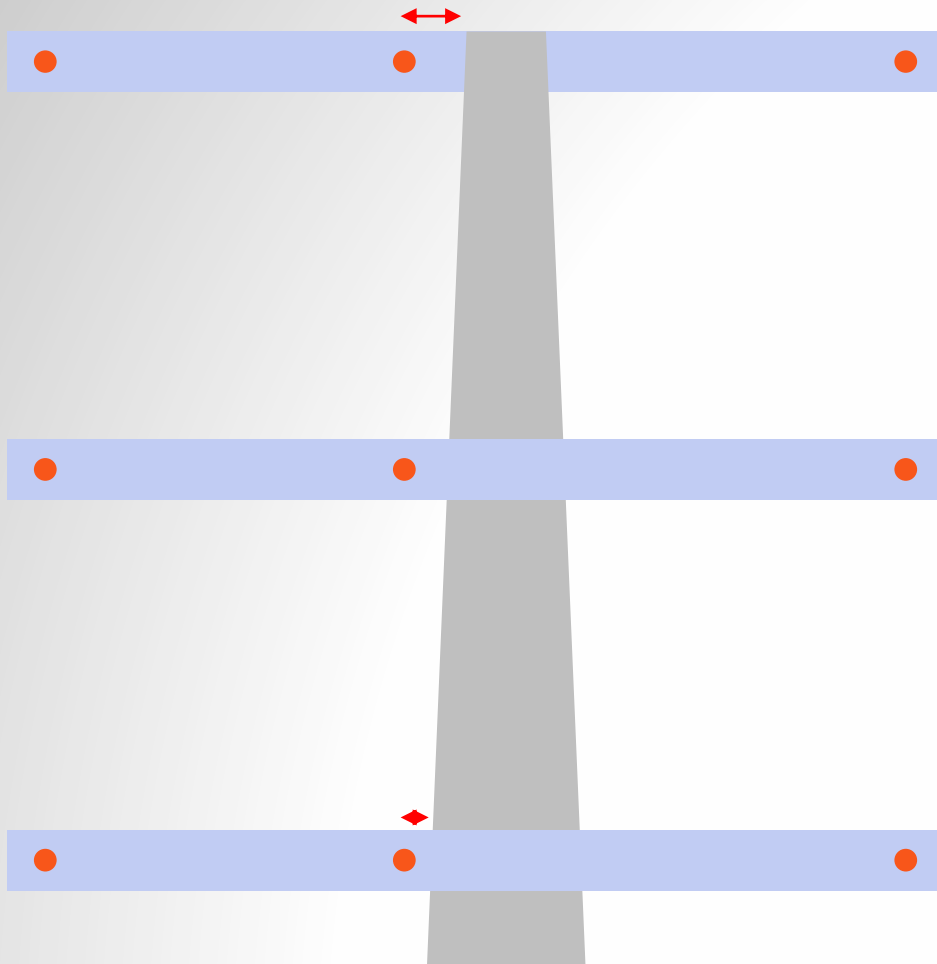
- 11kV arms
- 33kV arms
- Arm Braces
- Attachments:
 - ABS
 - Drop out fuses

Out of Scope

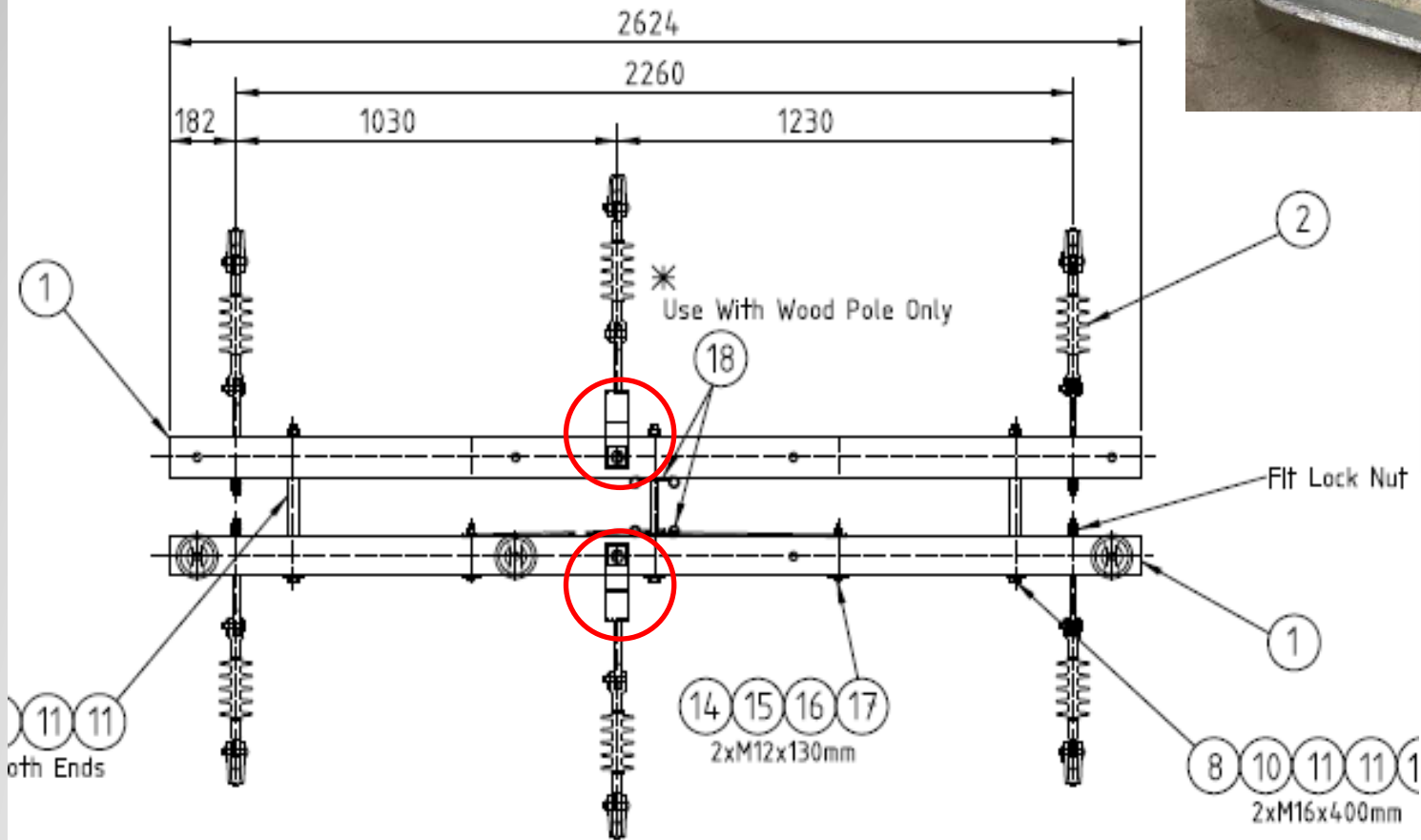
- LV arms
- Mounting:
 - Recloser/RCS
 - Regulators

Design Decisions

How far out to put the centre phase strain?



Clevis

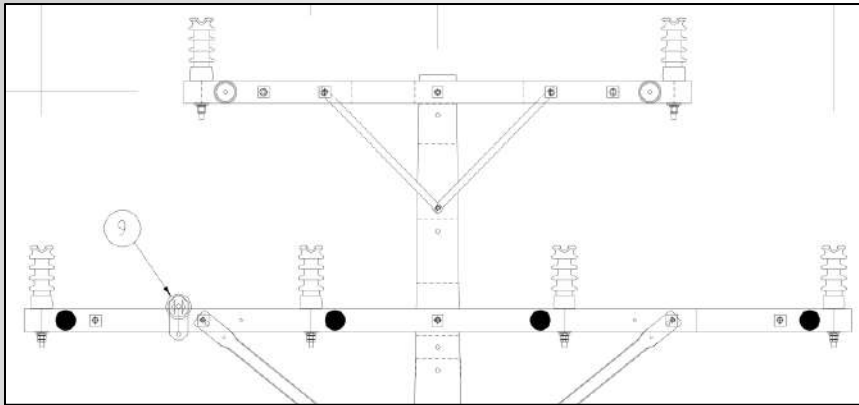


Standard Arms

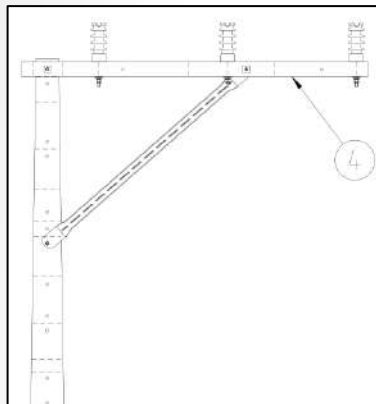
Standard Lengths

2.2m, 2.6m, 3.2m, 4.1m

Double Delta Arm



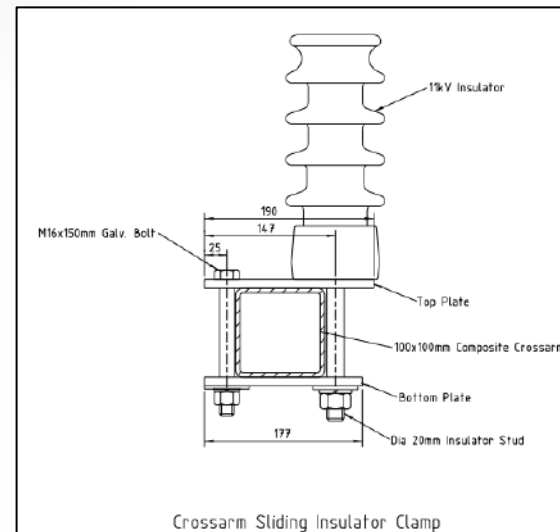
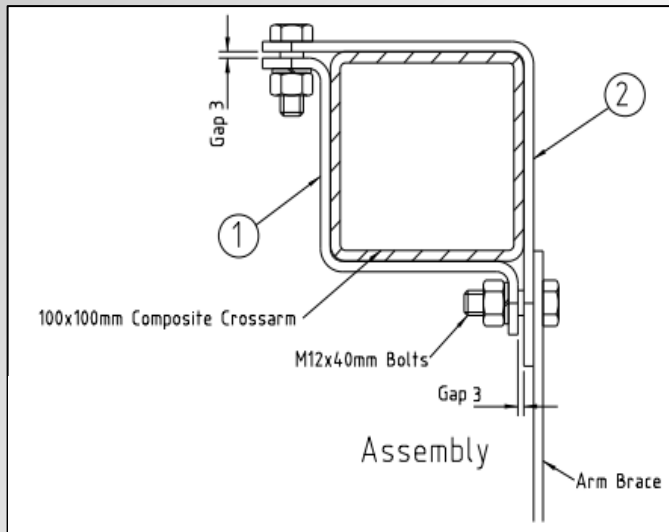
Offset Arm



Composite Standard Arms

Length (m)	Configuration	Dimensions (mm)
2.2	Both	100x100
2.4	Offset & ABS takeoff	100x100
2.6	Both	100x100
3.2	Both	100x100
3.6	Dual Circuit	100x100
4.1	Both	100x100

Components & Handling




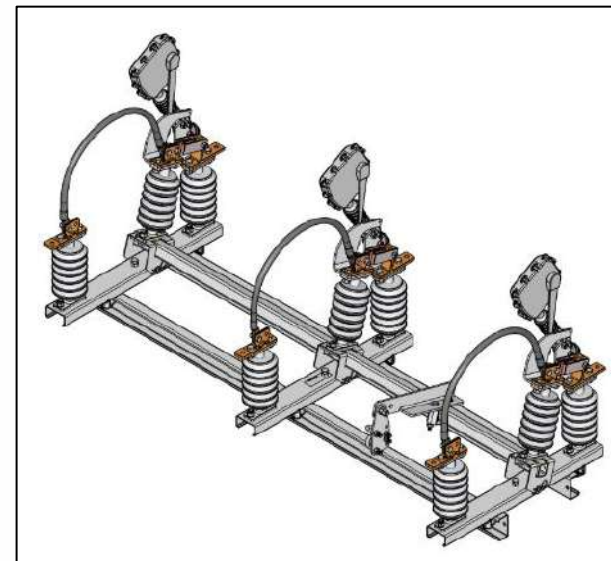
SOP-84 Handling Composite Crossarms

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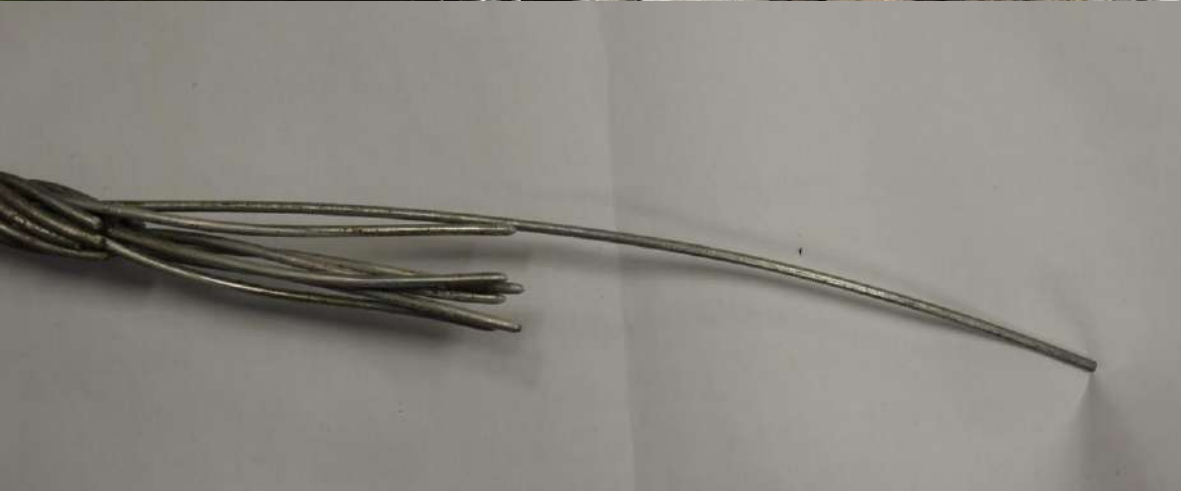
Preventing damage to composite crossarms

The table below summarises what to do to prevent damage to composite crossarms.

	What to do
Transporting	<p>When transporting crossarms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> do not store crossarms on racks unless the racks have been covered with some form of non-scratch material such as cloth, rubber mats or cardboard, and tie down to prevent movement.  <p>Transporting Composite Crossarms</p>



Failure Hierarchy



Experiences

- Less build variability with standard drawings and no drilling
- More care required when lining up H Structures
- “Lighter – much nicer on my back”
- Some minor damage from handling
- Small number of 125x125mm arms needed for strength



Stakeholder Feedback

- Designers – Designing with a known strength
- Control Room – Improving reliability from reduced animal trippings
- Field Crews – Lighter and simple to use
- Stores – 33% fewer arm types = less stock
- Asset Management – consistent quality and long life expected



Any Questions?

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Industry Standardisation – Get in touch if you are interested, full suite of Busck pole drawing available