

# Battery Energy Storage Applications Micro-grids & SWER lines

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# Who is S&C?

- Specialists in electric power since 1911
- True R&D focused innovators of electrical T&D technologies
- Headquartered in Chicago, USA
- 100% Employee owned
- Financially-stable
- 2300 employees globally



# S&C and Energy Storage

- Globally recognised technological innovators of Battery Energy Storage
- MW Sized projects in service since 2006
- 300+MW of grid connected large scale inverters in service
- Integrated with more batteries than any other PCS manufacturer



**Auxiliary power load center**  
1Φ and 3Φ service

**Inverter/Controls**  
Storage Management System (SMS)  
1.25 MVA capacity/1.0 MVAR capacity



**1.2 MW solar facility**

**Battery container**  
750 kWh/250 kW Lithium Polymer battery  
Includes Batt. Management System

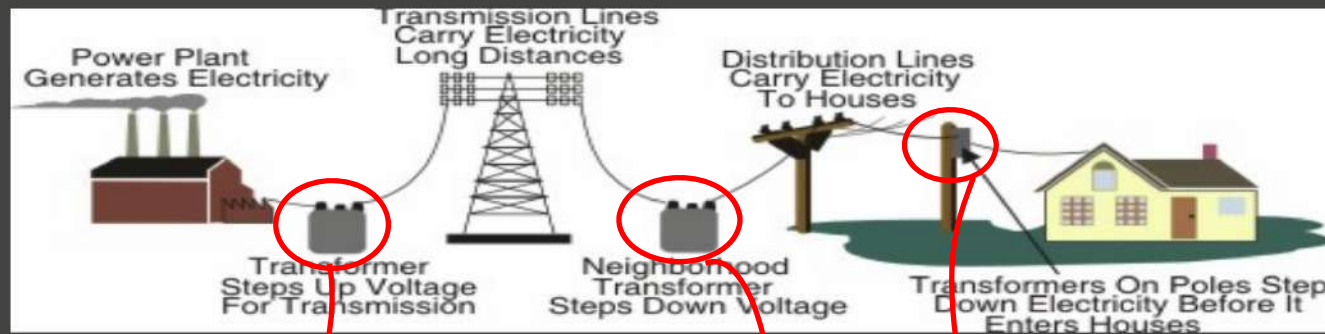
**1000 kVA transformer**  
Steps up 480 V inverter output to 12.47 kV (GRDY-Y)

## Industry leaders since it's inception

- Past chairman of IEEE Emerging Technologies committee
- Executive Director of the Electricity Storage Association and past chairman of the board
- Member of the US Department of Energy Electricity Advisory Committee and Chairman of the Energy Storage Sub-committee.



# Hierarchy of Grid-Connected Energy Storage



Large Central Units  
100s of MW



Substation Batteries  
10s of MW



Storage at Grid Edge  
10s of kW

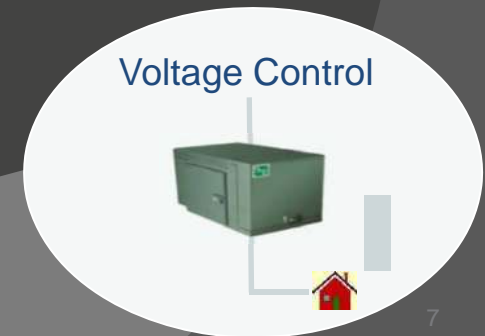
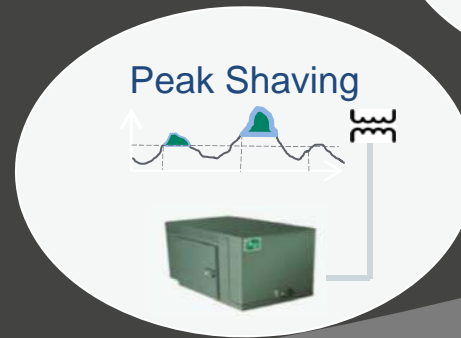
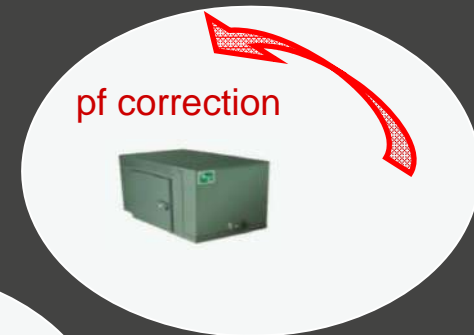
# Centralised Energy Storage Applications

- Infrastructure upgrade deferment
- Peak Shaving
- Network support
  - Voltage regulation
  - Frequency Regulation
  - Power Factor control
- Increasing penetration of highly variable generation such wind and solar
- Large Scale UPS
- Dynamic Islanding
- Micro-grid support



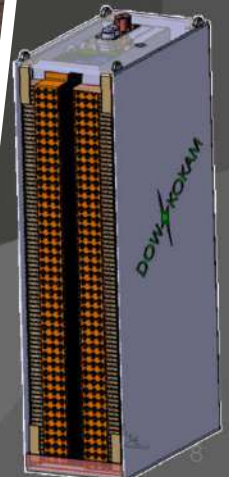
# Distributed Energy Storage applications

- SWER line support
- Peak Shaving
- Network support
  - Voltage regulation
  - Power Factor control
- PV integration
- UPS/Dynamic Islanding
- Dynamic Islanding
- Micro-grid support



# Battery Experience

- NaS (Sodium Sulphur)
- Lithium Ion (5 different manufacturers)
- NaNiCl (Sodium Nickel Chloride)
- Ultrabattery (Lead acid/super capacitor combination)
- Flow Batteries



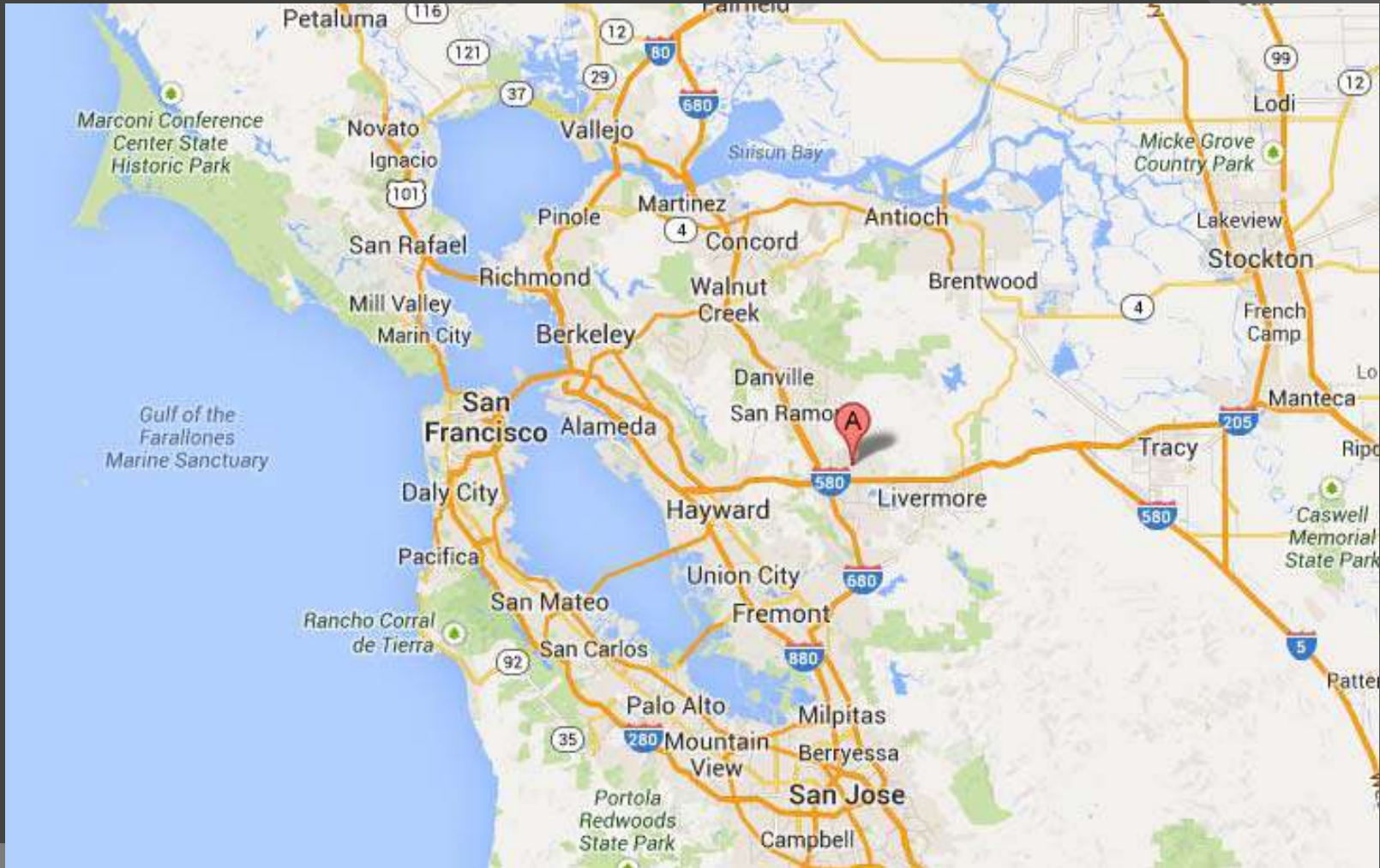


# Santa Rita Jail

- Location –Dublin California USA
- 4000 inmates
- 3<sup>rd</sup> largest Jail in California, 5<sup>th</sup> largest in USA
- Highly automated facility
- 100% of electrical load is critical
- Peak Loads
  - Summer 2.8MW
  - Winter 1.8MW







# Santa Rita Jail

- Grid-connected dynamically islanding 4MW micro-grid with multiple on-site generation sources and 2MW Battery Energy Storage System
- On site generation includes
  - Diesel Generators
  - Fuel Cells
  - Wind Turbines
  - Solar (PV)
  - Lithium Ion Battery



## Project Purpose

- Demonstrate CERTS Micro-grid
- Demonstrate a viable integration of renewable, distributed energy resources
- Use commercially available technology
- Reduce peak load of utility distribution feeder
- Increase grid efficiency and security
- Meet critical customer reliability requirements



When a disturbance to the utility grid occurs, the automatic disconnect switch enables the facility to "island" itself from the main utility grid and independently generate and store its own energy.

Utility power enters the facility at the "Point of Common Coupling"

PG&E utility interconnection or "Point of Common Coupling" and static disconnect switch



Two 1.2 MW backup diesel generators



Distributed Energy Resources Management System (DERMS)



The distributed energy resources management system (DERMS) serves to reduce peak demand during normal grid-connected operation or during a demand response event.

1 MW fuel cell



2 MW advanced energy storage system



Five 2.3 kW wind turbines



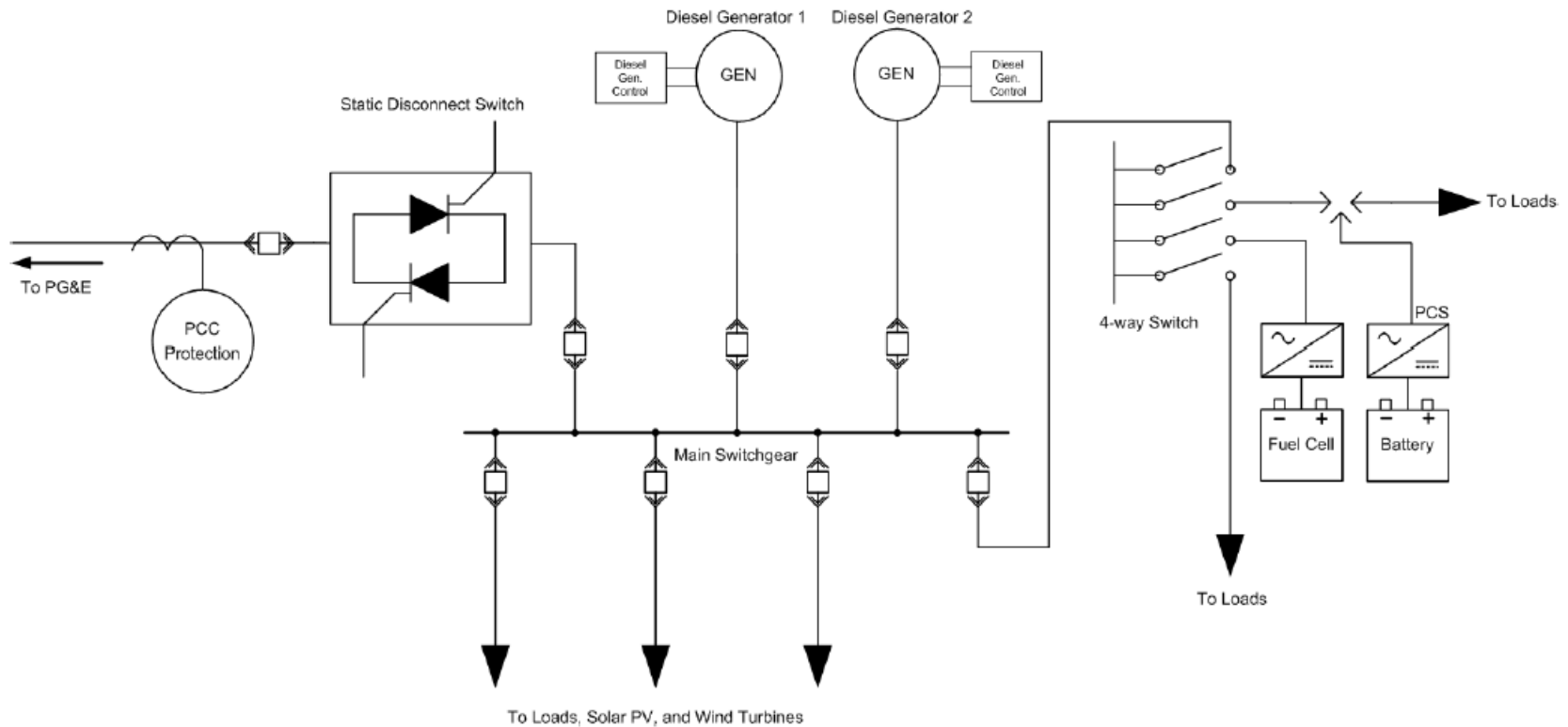
Facility Electric Load

Facility Electric Load

1.2 MW rooftop solar photovoltaic system



# SRJ Simplified Single Line Diagram



## PV Solar

- 1.2MW of rooftop solar
- 1.2MW of "tracking" solar





# Fuel Cells

- Natural Gas
- 1MW Power output
- First MW scale fuel cell in USA
- 8,000,000kWh of power p/a
- 1.4MMBtu of heat (18% of Jails needs)



# Wind Turbines

- 24kW total
- 10 x 2.4kW Turbines
- Main reason for existence is to test the integration with micro-grid



## Diesel Generators

- 2.4MW total
- 2 x 1.2MW sets
- Started when battery SOC falls below threshold
- Stopped when battery SOC reaches 100%
- Also used as "2<sup>nd</sup> layer" backup



# Battery

- Manufactured by BYD
- Lithium Iron Phosphate
- 2MW, 4MWh
- 4 x 500kW Modules
- Battery Management System by BYD



## S&C Purewave 2MW SMS "ties it all together"

- CERTS Algorithm for integration of distributed generation sources, electrical protection and seamless transfer to and from utility grid
- Voltage Support
- Frequency regulation
- Sophisticated diesel generator integration
- Peak shaving to reduce demand tariff
- Store excess generation from renewables
- Arbitrage
- Bi-Directional power flow at PCC



# Dynamic Islanding

- UPS like functionality
- Seamless transfers (8ms) to and from the Utility grid
- High Voltage (12kV) Static Switch provides fast disconnection and re-connection to utility grid
- S&C PureWave<sup>®</sup> SMS
  - Synchronises load to grid
  - Ramp-loads grid & micro-grid



# Dynamic Islanding Challenges

- Island must be created very quickly
- Protection of down-stream loads with low fault current
- Load sharing between generators
- Voltage control
- Frequency control
- Load shedding



# Distributed Energy Resource Management System DERMS –Commercially driven controls

- Estimates energy output of Distributed Energy Resources for upcoming time-of-use period
- Estimates stored energy available for upcoming time-of-use period (peak and partial peak)
- Estimates energy required to charge storage system in upcoming time-of-use period (off peak)
- Estimates energy required from utility for upcoming time-of-use period
- Controls power flow at utility PCC or energy storage system to minimize energy and demand charges

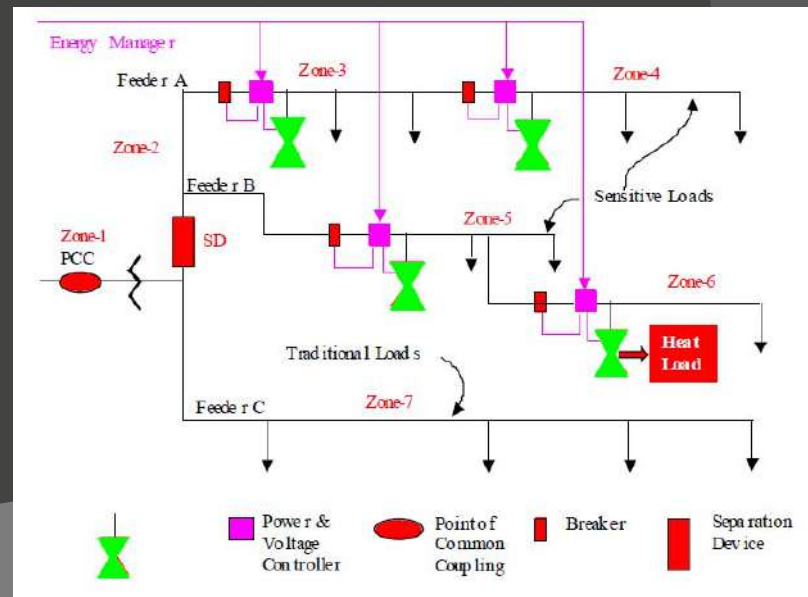


## CERTS Micro-Grid

- Consortium for Electrical Reliability Technology Solutions
- Formed in 1999
- Consortium members
  - Electric Power Group
  - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
  - Oak Ridge National Laboratory
  - Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
  - National Science Foundation's Power Systems Engineering Research Center
  - Sandia National Laboratories.

# What is the CERTS Micro-Grid concept

- Algorithms and Protocols for the integration of Distributed Energy Resources (DER) into the grid
- Enables Micro-grid to present itself to the distribution grid as a single, self controlled entity
- Anti-islanding v's islanding
- Peer to peer
- Plug and play

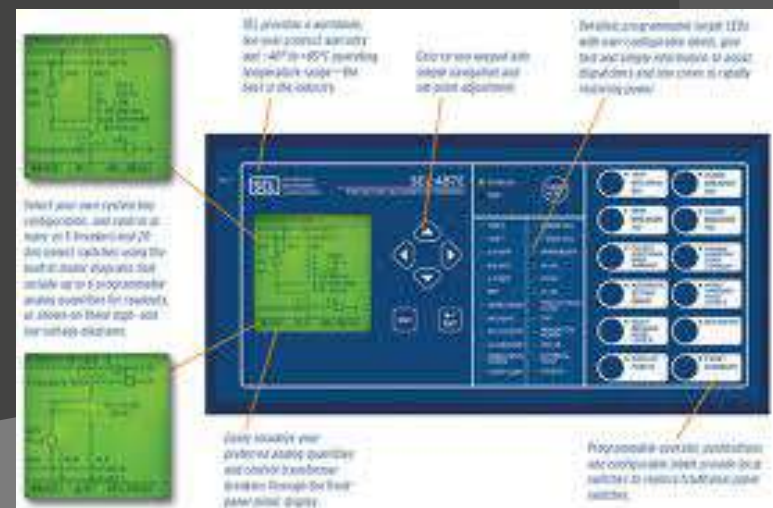




# 3 Advanced DER integration techniques

## Technique 2.

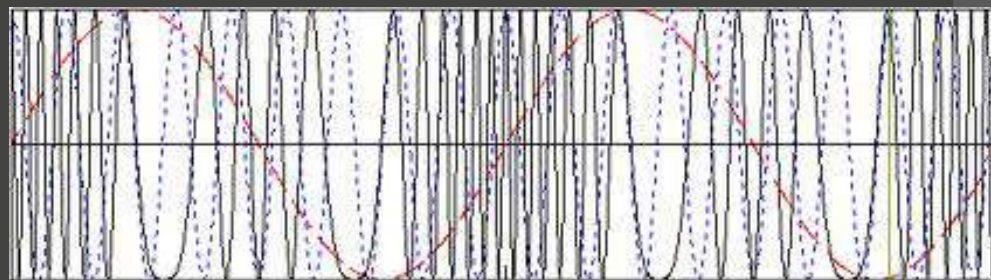
- Electrical protection within the micro-grid
  - During grid connect operation, allow time for static switch to disconnect from the utility
  - During Islanded mode, protection that is not based on detection of high fault current must be employed
  - Load shedding using protection devices



## 3 Advanced DER integration techniques

### Technique 3.

- Voltage and frequency stability under islanded conditions
  - Voltage is regulated at each source connection
  - Sources rely on frequency droop to share load
  - Theoretically an infinite number of sources can be added to the micro-grid



## Conclusion

- Grid connected Battery Energy Storage is about a lot more than just the battery.
  - Large scale grid and micro-grid integration is complex
  - Renewables integration is equally challenging with large systems
  - Recognising the commercial benefits of Energy Storage is complex
  - Intelligently controlled inverters offer many benefits other than just charging and discharging the battery for peak-shaving
  - Most electrical utilities and industry analysts agree that Battery Energy Storage will form an integral part of future grids

# Supporting SWER lines with Energy Storage

- SWER problems – Power Quality
  - Highly resistive conductor
  - Long runs
  - Loads are becoming more lumpy
  - Rooftop PV
  - Overloading
- Traditional solutions are VERY costly
  - Additional poles and wires over long distances
  - Splitting of SWER network
  - Islanded/off-grid networks



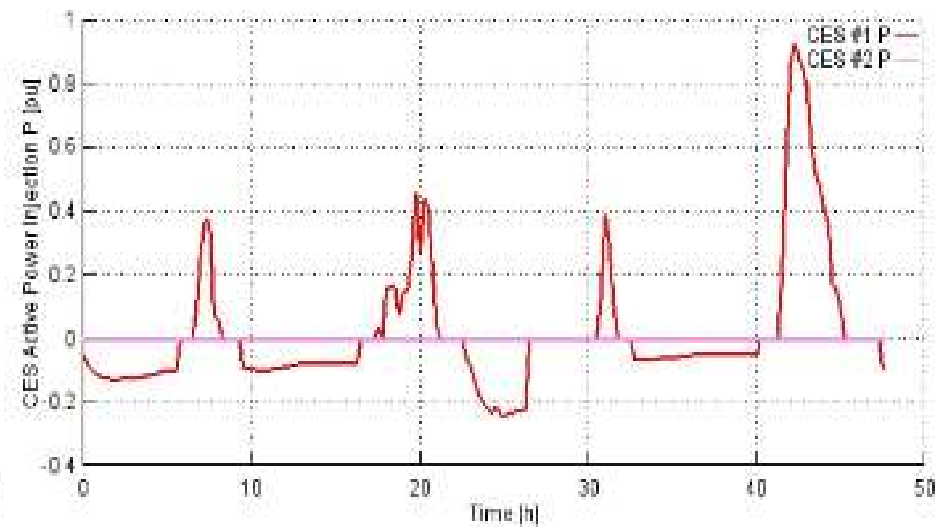
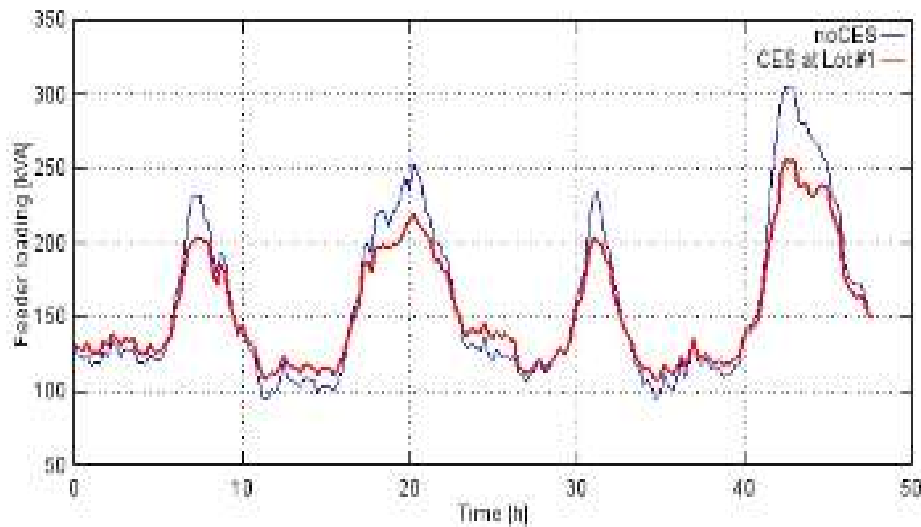
# SWER Line Support using Energy Storage

- One of, if not THE most commercially viable application for Battery Energy Storage at this point in time
- Battery used for peak-shaving and capture of PV energy
- Voltage control through reactive AND real power
  - Use VAR's to control voltage where possible
  - Use battery when necessary
  - 4-quadrant inverter enables real and reactive power at the same time
- Dynamic Islanding –UPS like functionality

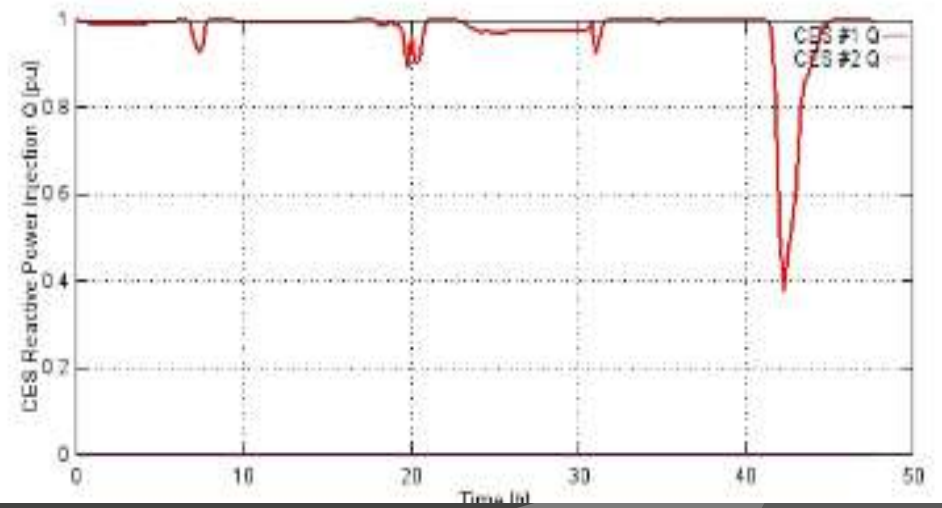
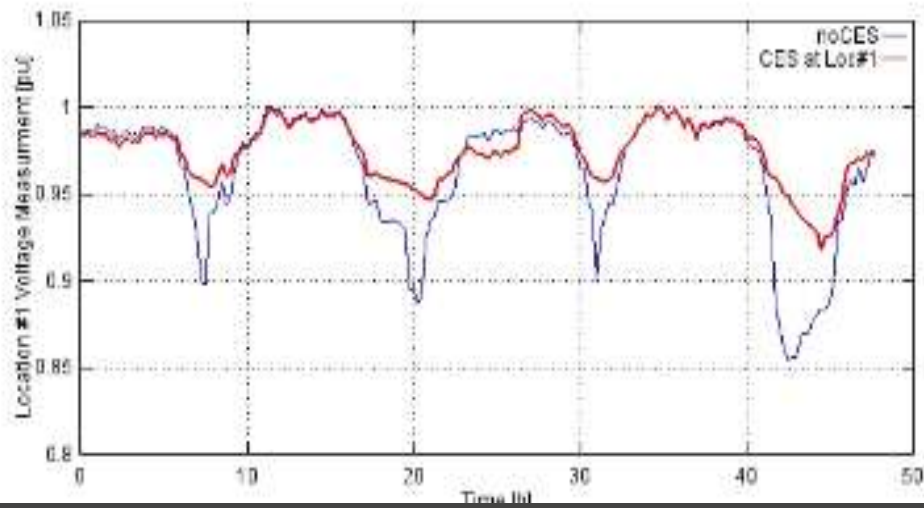




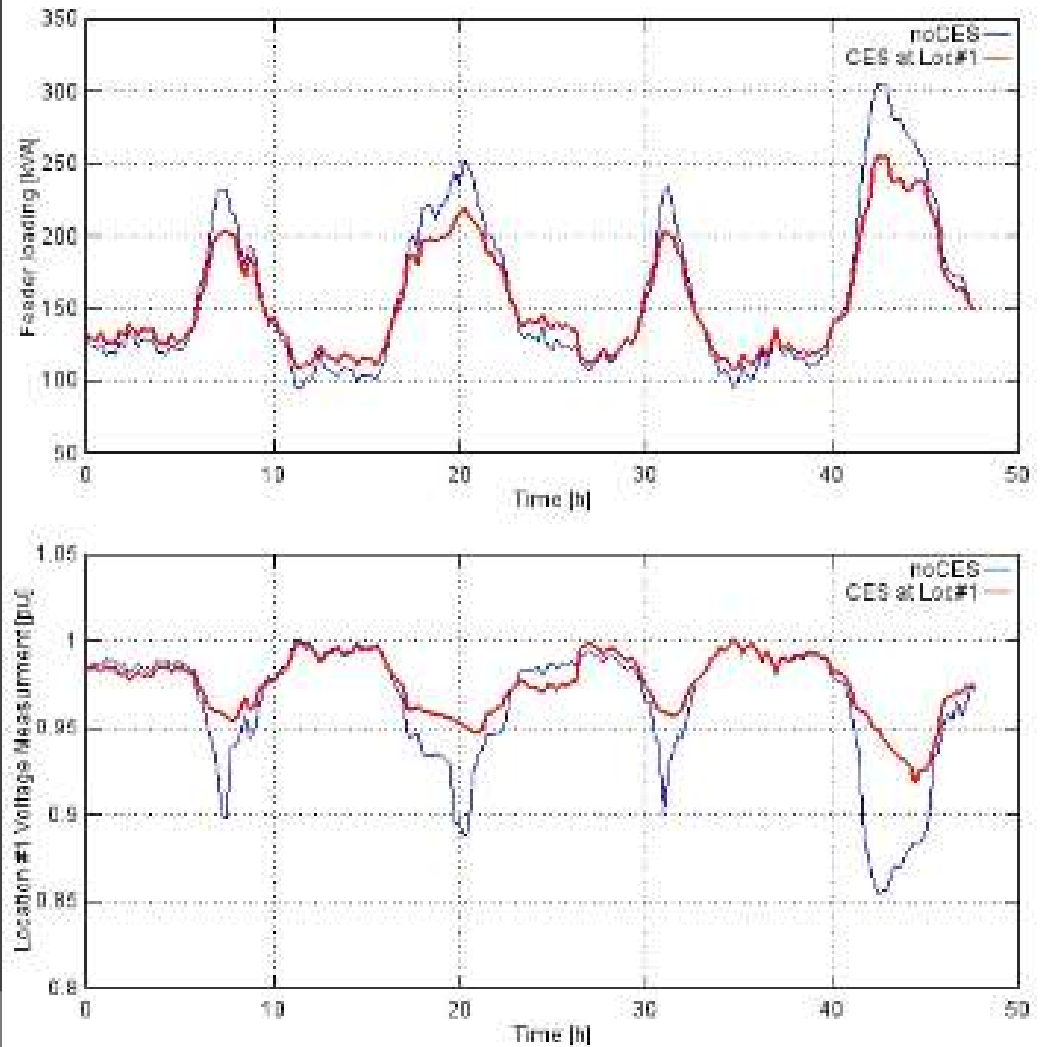
# Peak Shaving on SWER line



# Voltage Support on SWER line

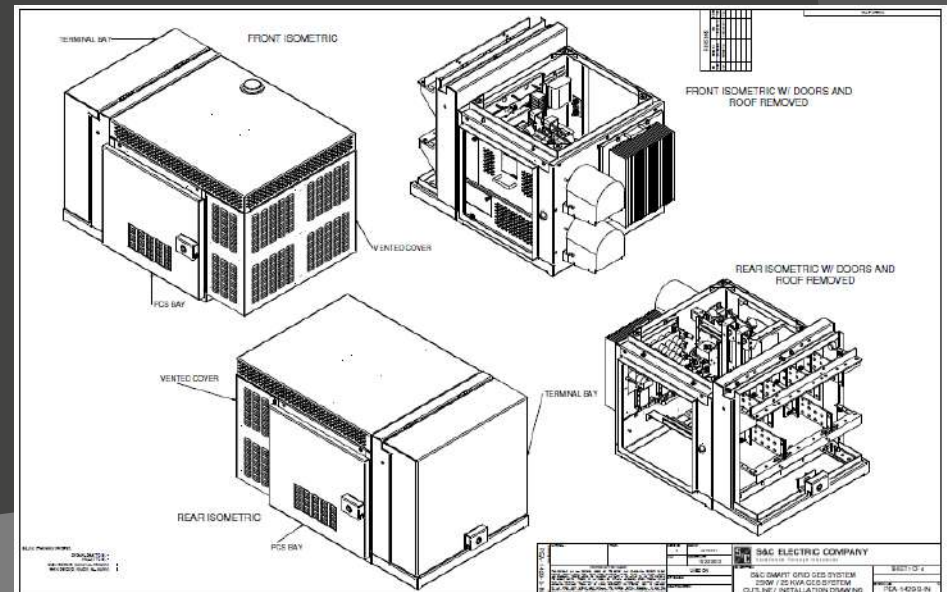


Combination of  
Real & Reactive  
power to  
Peak Shave  
AND  
Control Voltage



# SWER Line Support using S&C CES

- Ride through outages (UPS like islanding functionality)
- Multiple units on one SWER line can communicate to cooperatively support line
- Capture energy generated through PV and use it to stabilise the line



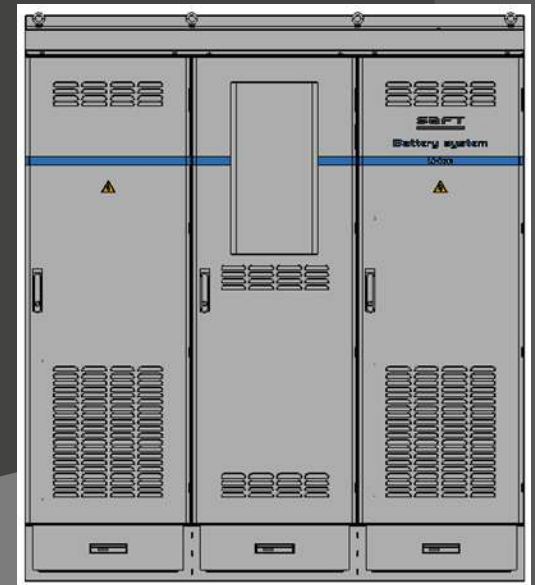
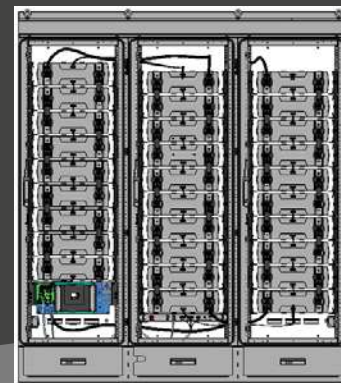
# Multiple battery options

- Underground Lithium Ion by Kokam
  - Totally sealed, submersible battery tank
  - No moving parts
  - Minimise temperature cycles, maximising battery life



# Multiple battery options

- Above ground Lithium Ion by SAFT
  - Rated up to 50 degrees Celsius ambient
  - Fan cooling –No A/C
  - IP54 Stainless Steel enclosure



# Multiple battery options

- Above ground Sodium Nickel Chloride
  - Convection cooled –no moving parts
  - Can withstand ambient temperature of +60C
  - Proven technology with 15+ year life

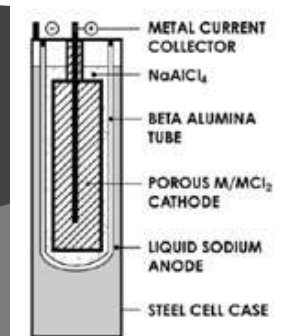
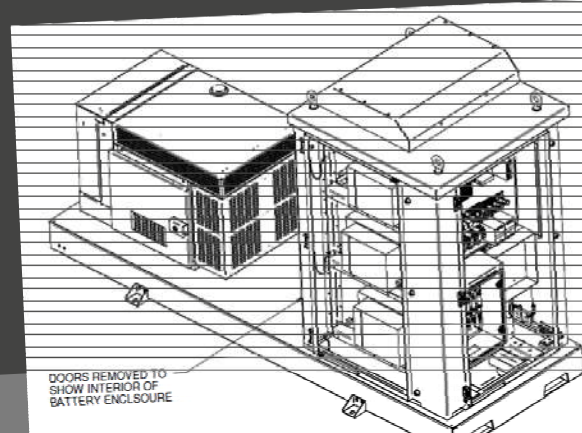
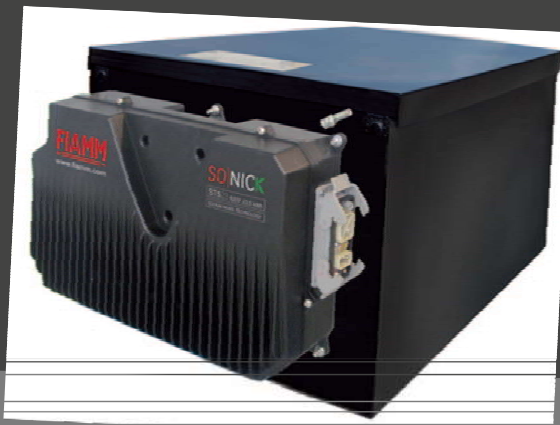


Figure 1. Zebra Cell—Central Cathode Configuration

Questions?

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